Monitoring Technique

VARIMETER IMD Insulation Monitor RL 5881

Translation of the original instructions







Product Description

The insulation monitor RL 5881 of the VARIMETER IMD family provides best insulation monitoring of modern IT systems in an optimum and state of the art way fulfilling the relevant standards.

The setting of the parameters and the switching values is done by simple and operator friendly rotational switches on front of the device. The operating status is indicated user friendly via a multicolour LED. With a sealable transparent cover the device is protectet against manipulation.

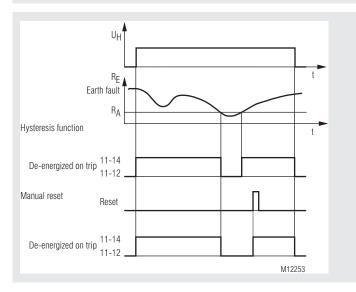
Your Advantages

- Preventive fire and system protection
- Detection of symmetric and asymmetric insulation faults
- For non-earthed DC voltage networks up to 300 V
- Suitable for large leakage capacitances up to 30 µF
- Monitoring also with voltage-free mains
- No additional coupling device required

Features

- Insulation monitoring according to IEC/EN 61557-8
- Adjustable response threshold, Setting range: 1 k Ω ... 300 k Ω
- 1 changeover contacts for insulation failure alarm
- De-energized on trip
- Energized on trip on request
- With multicolour status LED to indicate the state of operation
- Automatic and manual device self-test
- Manual reset or hysteresis function selectable (programmable via control input)
- Protection against manipulation by sealable transparent cover
- Control input for external test and reset-button
- 2 wide voltage input for auxiliary voltage
- RL 5881/100 without auxiliary voltage
- Width 35 mm

Function Diagram



Approvals and Markings



Applications

Insulation monitoring of:

- Non-earthed DC networks
- **UPS** systems
- Battery networks

Flashing Codes Status LED Self test LED-colour: orange Extended test LED-colour: red

RL 5881.11/100

Connection Terminals

RL 5881.11

Terminal designation	Signal description
A1(+), A2	Auxiliarx voltage AC or DC
L+, L-	Connection for Measuring circuit
PE	Connection for protective conductor
X1, X2	Control input for external test-button
X2, X3	Control input for external reset-button or manual and auto reset: X2/X3 bridged: Hysteresis function X2/X3 not bridged: Manual reset
11, 12, 14	Alarm signal relay K1(1 changeover contact)

Function

The device is supplied with DC auxiliary voltage via terminals A1(+) / A2. The variant RL 5881/100 takes the auxiliary supply directly from the monitored IT-system at L+/L-. Switching on the auxiliary voltage on A1(+)/A2 at the RL 5881 resp. the net voltage on L+/L- at the RL 5881/100 (power-on) is followed by an internal self-test for 12 s (see device test functions).

The test process is visible with the status LED. After this, measurement of the insulation resistance in the measuring circuits begins and the status LED changes into green.

Messkreis

Measuring circuit

(Insulation measurement between terminals L+/L- and PE)

The terminals L(+) and L(-) are connected directly to the voltage system to be monitored.

The PE terminal is connected to the protective earth.

To measure the insulation resistance an active measuring voltage with changing polarity is connected between L(+)/L(-) and PE.

At the end of a measuring cycle the actual insulation resistance is produced and indicated. The relays for alarm K1 switch when dropping under the adjusted response values. In addition the LED changes to red color.

Manual reset of fault message

The manual reset of insulation fault signals can be programmed via the control input X2/X3 (Manual reset: X2/X3 not bridged; No manual reset: X2/X3 bridged). If manual reset is activated the insulation fault signals of the measuring circuit are stored when dropping under the adjusted response values also if the insulation resistance goes back to healthy state. Pressing the "Test/Reset" button on the front side for $> 3 \, \text{s}$, the alarm signal are reset if the actual insulation resistance is in healthy state.

Indicator relay for insulation fault signal

The indicator relays K1 (contacts 11-12-14) is permanently fixed to the de-energized on trip. At de-energized on trip the relay releases when the response value is undercut.

Function

Device test functions

Principally, 2 different test functions are implemented: The "self-test" and the "expanded test":

The self-test of the device is performed automatically after Power-On and every full operating hours. It can also be triggered manually at any time by pressing the "Test" button at the device front for < 3 sec.

With the self-test, contrary to the expanded test, the status of the Indicator relays is not affected: the sequence is as follows:

The self-test is indicated via LED with orange flash code 1. For approx. 5 s to negative test phase. Within these 5 s the internal measuring circuit is checked for failures. Then the measuring pulse is switched for approx. 5 s to positive test phase and more internal tests take place. If no failures turned up and had been recognized, the measurement continuous. The extended test procedure is started when during or at the end of the above described 12 s self-test the test button is pressed again for < 3 s.

The sequence is similar to the self-test (2 measuring phases of 5 s each) but in addition the output relays go in alarm stated. The LED shows orange flash code 2. The test phases of the extended test will be repeated continuously. Pressing the reset button again for > 3 s will stop the extended test immediately. The device starts the insulation measurement again.

Behaviour with internal device faults

If internal device faults were detected during the test function, the LED flashes continuously red. The indicator relays K1 switch to the alarm state.

External control input

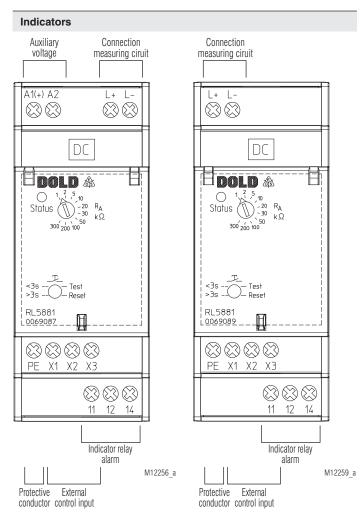
To terminals X1/X2 an external combined Test-/Reset button can be connected. If the terminals X1/X2 are bridged for approx.. 1 s the test mode is started. This has the same function as pressing the internal test button. When bridging X1/X2 for > 3 s, a stored alarm will be reset. This has the same function as pressing the internal reset button.

An external combined Test-/Reset button can be connected to terminals X2/X3 If the terminals X1/X2 are bridged for approx. 1 s a stored alarm will be reset (this has the same function as pressing the internal Test-Rest-button for > 3 s. If the terminals X2/X3 are bridged continously the manual reset is inactive (hysteresis function).

Programming/setting of parameters/set-up of the insulation monitor

The setting of the response value for alarm " $R_{\rm A}$ " is done with the rotary switches on the front of the unit. To avoid unauthorized manipulation of the settings, the rotary switch is located behind a sealable transparent cover. Via the control input X2/X3, manual reset or the hysteresis function can aditionally be programmed by using a bridge between X2/X3 (Manual reset: X2/X3 not bridged; hysteresis function: X2/X3 bridged).

New settings are accepted without restart of the device.



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The operational status of the device is indicated on a 3-colour LED:

Off: No auxiliary voltage connected

Green: Normal operation (Insulation resistance in healthy

state)

Red: Alarm (measured value below alarm response value)
Orange flashing: Test mode procedure (see flashing code diagramm)

Red flashing: Failure code (see flashing code diagramm)

Flash code orange Status-LED	Description
1	Selftest (measuring circuit, measuring voltage, internal tests)
2	Advanced Test (additional control of indicator relays)

Error Indication

Flash code red Status-LED	Failure cause	Failure recovery		
Continously flashing	Internal failure detected in test mode	Press test button again or restart the unit by interrupting the auxiliary supply temporarily. If the fault remains permanent, send device back to manufacturer for examination.		

Notes



Risk of electrocution!

Danger to life or risk of serious injuries.

- Disconnect the system and device from the power supply and ensure they remain disconnected during electrical installation.
- The terminals of the control input X1-X2-X3 have no galvanic separation
 to the measuring circuit L+ and L- and are electrically connected together,
 therefore they have to be controlled by volt free contacts or bridge. These
 contacts ore bridges must provide a sufficient separation depending on
 the mains voltage on L+ L-.
- Please do not connect external voltage to terminals X1/X2/X3. The control must only be made by bridging X1 and X2 or X2 and X3.



- Before checking insulation and voltage, disconnect the monitoring device RL 5881 from the power source!
- In one voltage system only one insulation monitor can be used. This has
 to be observed when interconnecting two separate systems.
- The device must not be operated without PE connection!



 If a monitored DC system includes galvanically connected AC circuits (e.g. via an inverter), an insulation failure on the AC side can only be detected correctly, when a current of min 10 mA can flow via the semiconductor connections.

Technical Data

Measuring ciruit L(+) / L(-) to PE

	RL 5881	RL 5881/100		
Nom. Voltage U _N :	DC 0 240 V	DC 24 240 V		
Max. voltage range U _N :	DC 0 300 V	DC 16 300 V		

Max. line capacitance: 30 µF Internal resistance (AC / DC): $> 120 \text{ k}\Omega$ Measuring voltage: Approx. ± 12 V Max. mesured current ($R_e = 0$): < 0,1 mA

IEC 61557-8 Response inaccuracy: \pm 15 % \pm 1.5 k Ω

Response value hysteresis: Approx. + 25 %; min. + $3 \text{ k}\Omega$

On delay at $C_F = 1 \mu F$,

 $R_{\rm c}$ of ∞ to 0.5 * response value: ≤5s

At $C_F = 30 \mu F$,

R_□ of ∞ to 0.5 * response value: ≤ 25 s

Response values:

Alarm ("R₄"):

Alaini ("HA).										
kΩ:	1	2	5	10	20	30	50	100	200	300

Each adjustable via rotational switches

Auxiliary voltage input A1(+)/A2 (only by RL 5881)

Nom. Voltage	Voltage range	Frequency range		
AC/DC 04 040 V	AC 19 265 V	45 400 Hz; DC 48 % W*)		
AC/DC 24 240 V	DC 16 300 V	W*) ≤ 5 %		
DC 12 24 V	DC 10.8 30 V	W*) ≤ 5 %		

^{*)} W = Permitted residual ripple of auxiliary supply

Nominal consumption:

DC 12 V, 24 V, 48 V: Max. 1.5 W AC 230 V: Max. 2.8 VA

Control input X1/X2 for external combined Test-/Reset-button

Current flow: Approx. 4 mA

No-load operation voltage

X1 to X2 or X2 to X3: Ca. 15 V Permissible wire length: $< 50 \, \text{m}$ Activation time for test signal

(X1/X2):

Approx. 1 s

Activation time for reset signal

(X2/X3): Approx. 1 s

Outputs

Indicator contact: 1 changeover contact for Alarm (K1)

Closed circuit operation

Thermal current I ...: 4 A

Switching capacity

to AC 15

IEC/EN 60947-5-1 3 A / AC 230 V NO contact: NC contact: IEC/EN 60947-5-1 1 A / AC 230 V To DC 13: IEC/EN 60947-5-1 1 A / DC 24 V

Electrical life

at AC 15 at 1 A, AC 230 V: 1.5 x 105 switching cycles

Short circuit strength

max. fuse rating: 4 A aG / aL IEC/EN 60947-5-1

Mechanical life: ≥ 30 x 10⁶ switching cycles

Technical Data

General Data

Operating mode: Continuous operation Temperature range:

Operation: - 40 ... + 60 °C (device mounted without

distance)

- 40 ... + 70 °C (device mounted with

1 cm distance to adjacent devices)

- 40 ... + 70 °C Storage:

Altitude: IEC 60664-1 ≤ 2000 m

Clearance and creepage

distances

Rated insulation voltage: 300 V Overvoltage category: Ш Rated impuls voltage /

pollution degree: IEC 60664-1

Measuring circuit L(+)/L(-) to auxiliary voltage A1(+)/A2 and

indicator relay contacts K1: 6 kV / 2

Auxiliary voltage A1(+)/A2 to

indicator relay contacts K: 6 kV / 2

Reinforced insulation between: (A1(+), A2) -IEC 60664-1

(L+, L-, PE, X1, X2, X3) -IEC 62368-1

(11, 12, 14)

Insulation test voltage,

AC 4 kV; 1 s Routine test: **EMV** IEC/EN 61326-2-4

Electrostatic discharge: IEC/EN 61000-4-2 6 kV (contact) IEC/EN 61000-4-2 8 kV (air)

HF-irradiation:

80 MHz ... 6 GHz: 20 V / m IEC/EN 61000-4-3 IEC/EN 61000-4-4 Fast transients: 2 kV

Surge voltages

between

Terminals:

Shock resistance:

Climate resistance:

wires for power supply: 1 kV IEC/EN 61000-4-5 Between wire and ground: 2 kV IEC/EN 61000-4-5 HF-wire guided: 20 V IEC/EN 61000-4-6 Interference suppression: Limit value class B EN 55011

Degree of protection

IEC/EN 60529 Housing: IP 30 (not sealed)

IP 40 (sealed with

seal wire 50/30) IEC/EN 60529

The unit must be disconnected from the power supply before the seal is applied

IEC/FN 60529 Thermoplastic with V0 behaviour

Housing: according to UL subject 94

Vibration resistance: Amplitude 0.35 mm,

frequency 10 ... 55 Hz, IEC/EN 60068-2-6

Vibration resistance: Amplitude ± 1mm,

frequency 2 ... 13.2 Hz, 13.2 ... 100 Hz, acceleration ± 0.7 gn IEC/EN 60068-2-6 10 gn / 11 ms, 3 Pulse IEC/EN 60068-2-27 40 / 070 / 04 IEC/EN 60068-1

Terminal designation: EN 50005

DIN 46228-1/-2/-3/-4 Wire connection

Cross section: 0.5 ... 2.5 mm²

Stripping length: 7 mm

Wire fixing: Cross-head screw / M3 box terminals

Fixing torque: 0.4 Nm Mounting: DIN rail IEC/EN 60715

Weiaht: Approx. 105 g

Dimensions

Width x height x depth: 35 x 90 x 71 mm

Standard Types

RL 5881.11 AC/DC 24 ... 240 V

0069087 Article number:

 Auxiliary voltage: AC/DC 24 ... 240 V

Outputs: 1 changeover contact for alarm

Setting range alarm: 1 k Ω ... 300 k Ω

Max. line capacitance: 30 µF

Closed circuit operation

Width: 35 mm

RL 5881.11 DC 12 ... 24 V

Article number: 0069088 Auxiliary voltage: DC 12 ... 24 V

1 changeover contact for alarm Outputs:

Setting range alarm: 1 k Ω ... 300 k Ω

Max. line capacitance: 30 μF

Closed circuit operation

Width: 35 mm

RL 5881.11/100

Article number: 0069089

• Without Auxiliary voltage:

1 changeover contact for alarm 1 $k\Omega$... 300 $k\Omega$ Outputs:

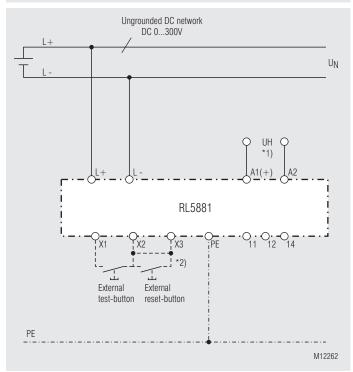
Setting range alarm:

 Max. line capacitance: 30 µF

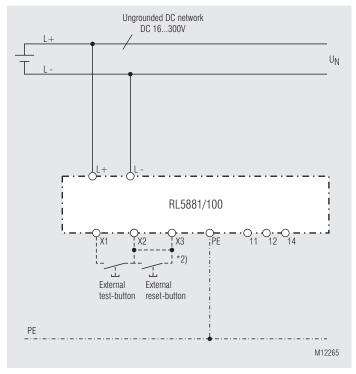
Closed circuit operation

Width: 35 mm

Connection Examples



RL 5881.11

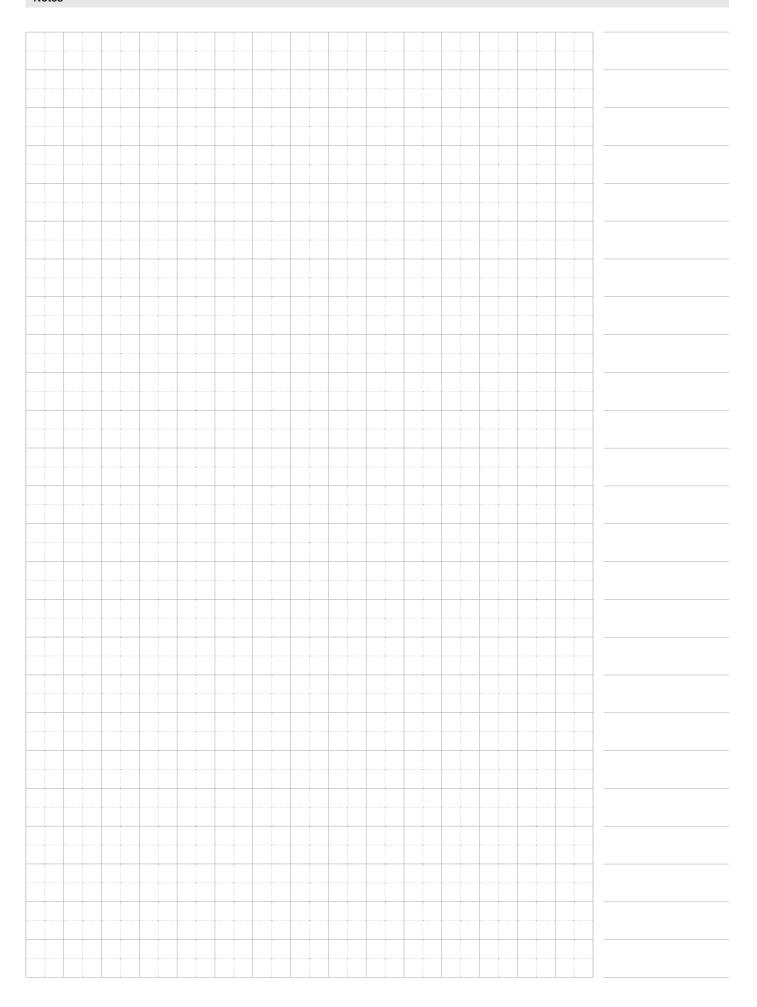


RL 5881.11/100

 $^{\star}1)$ Auxiliary voltage $\rm U_{_{H}}$ (A1(+)/A2) can also be sourced from the monitored voltage system. The voltage range of the auxiliary supply has to be taken into account.

*2) Programming manual reset or hysteresis function: X2/X3 not bridged: Manual reset

X2/X3 bridged: Hysteresis function



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